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## A Note to the Cauchy Problem for the Degenerate Parabolic Equations with Strongly Nonlinear Sources

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**Abstract.** In this note we study the nonexistence of nontrivial global solutions on  $S = \mathbb{R}^N \times (0, \infty)$  for the following inequalities:

$$|u|_t \ge \Delta(|u|^{m-1}u) + |u|^q$$

and

$$|u|_t \ge \operatorname{div}(|\nabla u|^{p-2}\nabla |u|) + |u|^q.$$

When m, p, q satisfy some given conditions, the nonexistence of nontrivial global solution is proved, without taking their traces on the hyperplans t = 0 into account.

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## 1 Introduction

In this note we study the nonexistence of nontrivial global solutions for the following inequality

$$u|_{t} \ge \Delta(|u|^{m-1}u) + |u|^{q}, \qquad (x,t) \in S = \mathbb{R}^{N} \times (0,\infty), \tag{1.1}$$

where  $m \ge 1$ , q > 1. We prove that for any  $q \in (m, m + \frac{2}{N}]$ , the inequality (1.1) has no nontrivial solutions on *S*. As a simple consequence of this result, we obtain that for any  $q \in (m, m + \frac{2}{N}]$  the inequality

$$u_t \ge \Delta(|u|^{m-1}u) + |u|^{q-1}u, \qquad (x,t) \in S = \mathbb{R}^N \times (0,\infty), \tag{1.2}$$

has no nontrivial nonnegative solutions on *S*. Although the result of the consequence is well-known (when  $1 < q < m + \frac{2}{N}$  see [1], when  $q = m + \frac{2}{N}$  see [2]), the proof in this note is

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simpler and does not take the traces on the hyperplans t = 0 into account. The case when m = 1 is studied in [3].

Moreover, we also investigate the nonexistence of nontrivial global solutions for the following inequality

$$|u|_{t} \ge \operatorname{div}(|\nabla u|^{p-2}\nabla |u|) + |u|^{q}, \qquad (x,t) \in S = \mathbb{R}^{N} \times (0,\infty), \tag{1.3}$$

where p > 2, q > 1. We prove that for any  $q \in (p-1, p-1+\frac{p}{N})$  the inequality (1.3) has no nontrivial solutions on *S*. As a simple consequence of this result, we obtain that for any  $q \in (p-1, p-1+\frac{p}{N})$ ,

$$u_t \ge \operatorname{div}(|\nabla u|^{p-2} \nabla u) + |u|^{q-1} u, \qquad (x,t) \in S = \mathbb{R}^N \times (0,\infty), \tag{1.4}$$

has no nontrivial nonnegative global solutions on *S*. Although this result is proved in [4], again our proof is simpler and does not use the initial traces.

## 2 Main results

We will state the main results of this note; their (simpler) proofs will be provided in the following sections.

**Definition 1.**  $u \in L^{q}_{loc}(S)$  is call a solution of (1.1) if u satisfies

$$\int_{S} (-|u|\varphi_t - |u|^{m-1} u\Delta\varphi) dx dt \ge \int_{S} |u|^q \varphi dx dt, \qquad \forall \varphi \in C_0^{\infty}(S), \ \varphi \ge 0.$$
(2.1)

**Theorem 1.** Let  $1 \le m < q \le m + \frac{2}{N}$  and let *u* be a solution of (1.1) on *S*. Then u(x,t) = 0 a.e. on *S*.

**Corollary 1.** Let  $m \ge 1$ ,  $m < q \le m + \frac{2}{N}$ . Then (1.2) has no nontrivial nonnegative global solution on *S*.

The following definition and results are concerned with the inequalities (1.3) and (1.4).

**Definition 2.**  $u \in L^p_{loc}(0,\infty;W^p_{loc}(\mathbb{R}^N)) \cap L^q_{loc}(S)$  is called a solution of (1.3) if u satisfies

$$\int_{S} (-|u|\varphi_t + |\nabla u|^{p-2} \nabla |u| \nabla \varphi) dx dt \ge \int_{S} |u|^q \varphi dx dt, \qquad \forall \varphi \in C_0^{\infty}(S), \ \varphi \ge 0.$$
(2.2)

**Theorem 2.** Let  $p-1 < q < p-1 + \frac{p}{N}$ , p > 2 and let u(x,t) be a solution of (1.3) on *S*. Then u(x,t) = 0 a.e on *S*.

**Corollary 2.** Let  $p-1 < q < p-1 + \frac{p}{N}$ , p > 2. Then (1.4) has no nontrivial nonnegative global solutions on *S*.