

Parameterized Littlewood-Paley Operators on Weighted Herz Spaces

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Abstract. The strong type and weak type estimates of parameterized Littlewood-Paley operators on the weighted Herz spaces $\dot{K}_q^{\alpha,p}(\omega_1, \omega_2)$ are considered. The boundedness of the commutators generated by *BMO* functions and parameterized Littlewood-Paley operators are also obtained.

Key Words: Parameterized Littlewood-Paley operator, Herz space, weak Herz space, *BMO*, commutator, Muckenhoupt weight.

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1 Introduction

Suppose that S^{n-1} is the unit sphere in \mathbb{R}^n ($n \geq 2$) equipped with the normalized Lebesgue measure $d\sigma$. Let Ω be a homogeneous function of degree zero on \mathbb{R}^n satisfying $\Omega \in L^1(S^{n-1})$ and

$$\int_{S^{n-1}} \Omega(x') d\sigma(x') = 0, \quad (1.1)$$

where $x' = x/|x|$ for any $x \neq 0$. Then for $0 < \rho < n$, the area integral $\mu_{\Omega,S}^\rho$ and the Littlewood-Paley $\mu_\lambda^{*,\rho}$ -function are defined respectively by

$$\mu_{\Omega,S}^\rho(f)(x) = \left(\iint_{\Gamma(x)} \left| \frac{1}{t^\rho} \int_{|y-z|<t} \frac{\Omega(y-z)}{|y-z|^{n-\rho}} f(z) dz \right|^2 \frac{dy dt}{t^{n+1}} \right)^{1/2}$$

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and

$$\mu_{\lambda}^{*,\rho}(f)(x) = \left(\iint_{\mathbb{R}_+^{n+1}} \left(\frac{t}{t+|x-y|} \right)^{\lambda n} \left| \frac{1}{t^\rho} \int_{|y-z|<t} \frac{\Omega(y-z)}{|y-z|^{n-\rho}} f(z) dz \right|^2 \frac{dydt}{t^{n+1}} \right)^{1/2},$$

where $\lambda > 1$ and $\Gamma(x) = \{(y, t) \in \mathbb{R}_+^{n+1} : |x-y| < t\}$.

Now let us turn to the introductions of the corresponding commutators of the parameterized Littlewood-Paley operators above. Let $b \in L^1_{loc}(\mathbb{R}^n)$, $m \in \mathbb{N}$, the commutators $[b^m, \mu_{\Omega,S}^\rho]$ and $[b^m, \mu_{\lambda}^{*,\rho}]$ are defined respectively by

$$\begin{aligned} & [b^m, \mu_{\Omega,S}^\rho](f)(x) \\ &= \left(\iint_{\Gamma(x)} \left| \frac{1}{t^\rho} \int_{|y-z|<t} \frac{\Omega(y-z)}{|y-z|^{n-\rho}} [b(x) - b(z)]^m f(z) dz \right|^2 \frac{dydt}{t^{n+1}} \right)^{1/2} \end{aligned}$$

and

$$\begin{aligned} & [b^m, \mu_{\lambda}^{*,\rho}](f)(x) \\ &= \left(\iint_{\mathbb{R}_+^{n+1}} \left(\frac{t}{t+|x-y|} \right)^{\lambda n} \left| \frac{1}{t^\rho} \int_{|y-z|<t} \frac{\Omega(y-z)}{|y-z|^{n-\rho}} [b(x) - b(z)]^m f(z) dz \right|^2 \frac{dydt}{t^{n+1}} \right)^{1/2}. \end{aligned}$$

In 1990, Torchinsky and Wang [1] gave the weighted $L^2(\mathbb{R}^n)$ boundedness of $\mu_{\Omega,S}^\rho$ and $\mu_{\lambda}^{*,\rho}$ for $\rho = 1$ and $\Omega \in Lip_\alpha(\mathbb{S}^{n-1})$ ($0 < \alpha \leq 1$). Here, we say that $\Omega \in Lip_\alpha(\mathbb{S}^{n-1})$ if

$$|\Omega(x') - \Omega(y')| \leq |x' - y'|^\alpha, \quad x', y' \in \mathbb{S}^{n-1}. \tag{1.2}$$

For general ρ , in 1999, Sakamoto and Yabuta [2] gave $L^p(\mathbb{R}^n)$ boundedness for $\mu_{\Omega,S}^\rho$ and $\mu_{\lambda}^{*,\rho}$ when $\Omega \in Lip_\alpha(\mathbb{S}^{n-1})$.

Suppose that $\Omega \in L^q(\mathbb{S}^{n-1})$, $q \geq 1$. Then the integral modulus $\omega_q(\delta)$ of continuity of order q of Ω is defined by

$$\omega_q(\delta) = \sup_{\|\gamma\| \leq \delta} \left(\int_{\mathbb{S}^{n-1}} |\Omega(\gamma x') - \Omega(x')|^q d\sigma(x') \right)^{1/q},$$

where γ denotes a rotation on \mathbb{S}^{n-1} and $\|\gamma\| = \sup_{x' \in \mathbb{S}^{n-1}} |\gamma x' - x'|$.

Recently, Ding and Xue obtained the following weighted results.

Theorem 1.1 (see [3]). *Suppose $\rho > n/2$, $\lambda > 2$ and $\Omega \in L^2(\mathbb{S}^{n-1})$ satisfies*

$$\int_0^1 \frac{\omega_2(\delta)}{\delta} (1 + |\log \delta|)^\sigma < \infty \tag{1.3}$$

for some $\sigma > 1$. If $1 < p < \infty$ and $\omega \in A_p$, then both of $\mu_{\Omega,S}^\rho$ and $\mu_{\lambda}^{*,\rho}$ are bounded on the weighted space $L^p(\mathbb{R}^n, \omega)$.